

Background

- Living Learning Programs (LLPs) are created around a variety of themes with the intention to integrate academics into the residential setting to help students develop a sense of community through learning (Brower & Inkelas, 2010; Inkelas, Jessup-Anger, Benjamin, & Wawrzynski, 2018; Shapiro & Levine 1999; Smith, MacGregor, Matthews, & Gabelnick, 2004).
- One population that may often be overlooked in engaging in LLPs is student-athletes (SAs). This could be due to time demands, irregular times that they report to campus or due to not being aware or understanding these opportunities.
- Mamerow and Navarro (2014) suggest that including SAs in LLPs may be a good way to assist in their transition to college and build community.
- At the Division I level, almost 60% of SAs live with teammates or other SAs, which is the highest among all three divisions (D2-47%, D3-33%) (NCAA, 2017).
- From 2012 to 2016, there was a 7% increase in the percentage of SAs who live with other SAs exclusively (NCAA, 2017)
- Inkelas (2010) has developed a best practices model (seen below) for establishing successful LLPs.



L/L BEST PRACTICES BUILDING BLOCKS

Objectives

- To examine LLPs provided by all Division I institutions and identify those offering LLPs around topics such as wellness, athletics and related topics (e.g., leadership) which might be of particular interest to SAs.
- Additionally, universities offering LLPs around the SA experience will be identified and characteristics of these will be discussed.
- Based on the data and trends found, recommendations about LLPs to help improve the quality of the SA experience will be provided.

Examination of Living Learning Programs in NCAA Division I Athletics Institutions: How Can Access Be Increased for Student-Athletes? Brendan M. Thiry¹, Eric E. Hall, Ph.D.¹, Anthony G. Weaver, Ph.D.¹, Caroline J. Ketcham, Ph.D¹, James DeVita, Ph.D.² ¹Elon University, Elon, NC, ²University of North Carolina-Wilmington, Wilmington, NC

Results





Figure 2





Institutions with a Wellness LLP

Figure 1 Note: Percentages are calculated out of number of institutions that offer at least one LLP (277)

East Carolina University (ECU) Case Study

East Carolina Athletics LLC	
Pinnacle	Intentional Integration Hypothetical Example: The SA members plan athletes that are leaders within their sport. Thre into what it takes to be a leader at the highest leadership skills by planning and organizing the
Cocurricular environment	Leadership Example: Members are expected to use their le their teams on the Student-Athlete Advisory Co
<section-header></section-header>	Socially Supportive Environment Hypothetical Example: Individuals attend other such as a member on the soccer team going to
	Courses for Credit Example: Members of the Athletics LLC are re and an English class in the spring together as
	Academically Supportive Climate Example: The Athletics LLC is located in the sa the SAs are surrounded by and can interact wi
Infrastructure	Academic Affairs & Residence Life Collabo Example: Residence Life, the Center for Leade of ECU all came together to establish an LLC t
	Adequate Resources Example: The Athletics LLC is located in a new learning communities with a focus on the stude located near the athletic facilities to meet the S
	Infrastructure: Clear goals & objectives Example: The goal of the Athletics LLC is to de field. Additionally, all members are expected to

Figure 2 Note: Examples mentioned above are currently in place at ECU unless noted as "Hypothetical Example".

Best Practices Model for Living Learning Communities (Inkelas, 2010): Examples from

an event to host former or current professional rough an event like this, the SAs can receive insight levels of sport, while developing their own ne event.

leadership skills and qualities to help represent ommittee.

r member's sporting events to support their peer to cheer on their roommate at a basketball game.

equired to take freshman seminar class in the fall a unit.

same residential building with Honors students, so ith other individuals who highly value academics.

oration

lership Development, and the Athletics Department that would benefit each group in addition to the SA.

v, residential building that was designed for living ent. Additionally, the building is conveniently SA's needs.

evelop their SAs into leaders in life and on the o obtain a Leadership Certificate at the end of year.

Information was collected by researching 351 NCAA residence life webpages. The number and Division I types of LLPs were recorded and analyzed. Institutions, that offered a LLP for SAs, were individually contacted and asked to answer a set of questions about the LLP's characteristics.

- SAs from being a part of the communities such as: • Weekly time commitments
- Entry fees

- GPA

- serious interest



Methods

Findings

 Almost 80% of NCAA Division I institutions offer at least one type of LLP

• Athletics and sport related LLPs are not as common as wellness or leadership centered LLPs

• Ohio University and East Carolina University are the only two Division I institutions with a SA specific LLP • Non SA specific LLPs have requirements that restrict

Special admissions for LLPs connected to a

program (Honors, Business Fellows, Leadership Fellows, required majors)

Recommendations

Survey the SA body to see if a SA LLP would be of

 SAs may not realize they have the potential to create their own LLP

• Avoid establishing any strict weekly time requirements to suit the SAs busy schedules

• Before creating a LLP for SAs, develop a one credit leadership course that SAs can take

• At ECU, the Athletics LLC is currently very

successful, but "there was a lengthy buy-in period where the coaches had to see the value of

leadership development in their SAs"

• This way coaches can assess the success on the field of having their SAs enroll in a leadership focused course before trying to integrate the residential component

• Ensure the location of the SA LLP is in close proximity to the athletic facilities to minimize any inconveniences